REPORTS OF COMMITTEES. FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE. LONDON, July 26.-The Lodge was opened in due form on the 23d of July, and the previous session approved. Reports of officers being in order, the Lodge listened to the report of the R. W. in order, the Lodge listened to the report of the R. W. G. Templar. This report dwells at some length upon the growth of the order during the past year. Among the decisions rendered by the R. W. G. T., and embodied in his report, the following are the most important:

his report, the following are the most important:

1. It is a violation of a Good Templar's obligation efficially to sign a license for the sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and the fact that a majority of the electors of the State. County, or any other political division of the country have previously voted in favor of granting such licenses does not change the character of the act. 2. A druggist cannot be a member of our Order and sell intoxicating liquors, even for medicinal uses, unless the buyer has the prescription of a physician, except where the legal traffic in such liquors is confined to medicinal and mechanical purposes, and properly guarded by statutory provisions. 3. A Worthy Chief Templar, at the close of his term, if not redicted, may be elected to any other office, and is not required to fill the chair of P. W. C. Templar. 4. The senior P. W. C. T. of a lodge is the one whose completed term of service as W. C. T. dates furthest back, regardless of what lodge he may have served in that capacity.

The R. W. G. T. made the following among other sug-

The R. W. G. T. made the following among other suggestions concerning changes in the constitution of the

Order:

1. That the R. W. G. L. shall hold blennial instead of annual sessions, but that it shall continue to be the supreme tribunal and legislative head of the Order, controlling the uniform constitutions, ritual, unwritten work, Grand Lodge charters, cards, and passwords. 2. That Worthy Grand Councils be constituted, to be composed of the several executive committees of the Grand Lodges of each particular nation or country. To these councils could be intrusted certain executive duties, such as the supervision of all printing, regulating the providing for the division of Grand Lodges, some of these todies being aiready too large for the most effective operation.

The report of the R. W. G. S. was then read. From this it appears that four new Grand Lodges have been instituted during the past year, as follows: North Carotina, Arkansas, Queensland, and Newfoundland. Addi -tional territory, embracing a number of colonies and nationalities heretofore alluded to, has also been occupied. The total membership, officially reported, is \$33,020, and the Secretary estimates that there is a further membership of nearly 100,000 not reported. The total number of lodges (official) is 7,981. The number of initiations, admissions by card, and restorations during the year was 297,056, and the losses by suspension, expulsion, and withdrawal were \$178,831. In the afternoon session a letter of welcome was received from the South Wales Temperance Prohibitive Association, which was ordered filed.

In the morning session on July 24th the special committee upon tobacco offered a resolution which, in an amended form, as follows, was adopted:

Whereas, The attention of the R. W. G. L. has been called to the injury inflicted on the cause of temperance and to the discredit brought upon our honorable body from the use of tobacco by the members; this R. W. G. L. recommends that no member shall be allowed to use it while wearing regain, and it is also recommended to all subordinate lodges that smoking be prohibited in the ante-rooms and lobbics of our lodges during the session of this Ladge. of this Lodge

The report of R. W. G. C. Hickman was, in his absence, read by Mr. Needham. It referred mainly to his work in the South and showed an encouraging state of affairs in that section. It was appropriately referred. Mr. Hastings, from the Special Committee on the English delegation, made a report, which was adopted, confirming the right of Mr. Scott to his seat and rejecting the demand of the contestant, Mr. Spence. The English delegation finally stands as follows: Messrs. Malins, Garrett, Scott, and Kenwood. In the afternoon session a committee to prepare appropriate closing resolutions was directed to be appointed by the chair. A ballot was had for the place at which to hold the next session, and upon the second ballot Louisville, Ky., was designated as such place. The Po-landst Temporance Hand Bell Ringers, on invitation, furnished the Lodge with some very stirring pieces, most artistically executed, "Hail Columbia" being among the number. A delegation from the National Division of the Sons of Temperance of Great Britain and Treiand was received, and an engrossed address was presented, which was appropriately responded to by the presiding officer. The constitution of the Grand Lodge of Queensland was approved. The remainder of the afternoon and the whole of the evening session was occupied by remarks from various members of the

The morning session yesterday opened in the Grand Lodge degree. The special order being the exemplication of the unwritten work, an hour was given to that business. A deputation from the Independent Order of Rechabites was received, which presented an address engrossed on velium and framed. The presiding officer responded to the address. The election of officers was then proceeded with, and, upon the fourth ballot for Right Worthy Grand Templar, the Hon. Samuel D. Hastings, of Wisconsin, was elected, he receiving 47 votes, and the Rev. John Russell receiving 42 votes. The Hon. Mr. Hastings is a resident of Madison, Wisconsin, tand is 67 g years of age. He has served several terms in the Legislature of the State, was State Treasurer for eight years, and is now Secretary of the State Board of Charities. He has been all his life a champion of the Temperance cause, for 17 wears prominently identified with the Order of Good filled, with great acceptance, from 1863 to 1868, the office to which he has now again been cleeted. If it were wise to make a change in the office ne better selection could have occurred than that of Mr.

For Right Worthy Grand Counselor, Messrs. Malins of England, Simpson of Scotland, Underwood of Kansas, and Randolph of New-Hampshire were placed in nomination, and on the third ballot Robert Simpson was elected, he receiving 59 votes and Mr. Underwood 31. Mr. Simpson is the present Grand Worthy Counselor of Scotnd. Mrs. Annie Wiechmann of Pennsylvania was elected Right Worthy Grand Vice-Templar on the first ballot, resaiving 48 votes to 8 votes for Mrs. M. M. Brown of Ohio. and 9 votes for Mrs. Lucy C. Mitchell of Massachusetts On the first ballot for Right Worthy Grand Secretary the vote was as follows: W. S. Williams of Canada, 53; Julius A. Spencer of Ohio, 34; David Boyd of Rhode Island, 2. Mr. Williams was declared elected. For Right Worthy Grand Treasurer, there being but one nominee J. R. Van Doorn of Illinois-he was unanimously re-This closed the list of elective officers, and, after the transaction of certain routine business, the Lodge adjourned until evening. The evening session was mainly devoted to the installation of officers. A pleasing feature of the evening was the presentation of a gold watch tof the Rev. John Russell by the English Good Templars. The presentation address was made by Joseph Malins.

To-day is the fifth day of the meeting. The morning session opened in due form. A report was received from the Committee on Constitutions. It embraced various recommendations, which were taken up seriatim. No changes of an important character in the constitutions of the subordinate, Grand, or Right-Worthy Grand Lodges were made. The proposition to change the annual meeting of the latter body to biennial meetings was defeated. The following persons were appointed delegates to the National Temperance Convention to be held at Saratoga Springs in August: Mrs. O'Donnell and Messrs. Graw, McParland, Ellis and Van Dorn, The Committee on Political Action made a report which was adopted. It is very strong in its terms and virtually pledges the order to distinct political action.

Nearly the whole of the afternoon session was devoted to the consideration of the report of the Committee on Worthy Grand Lodges, of which Mr. Yard of New Jersey was chairman. It favored, under certain circumstances the institution of a body intermediate between the Grand and Right Worthy Grand Lodges, embracing untionalities within its jurisdiction. Upon the reception of the report the discussion took a wide range, and the Lodge was treated at length, by Messrs. Kenwood and Maiins, to somewhat conflicting histories of the troubles that have arisen in the Grand Lodge of England, owing to the efforts for unity and centralization on the part of the membership represented by the latter and those in favor of a divided jurisdiction as represented by the former. The Lodgejvery evidently sympathized with the course of the latter, and the report of the Conmittee was adopted by a very decided vote. It may be somewhat ungenerous for me to put a diction upon record, but I conscientiously believe another element of weakness can found in the Grand Lodge of England, and that the shadow has already fallen upon it by reason of the able and adroit, yet centralizing and really despotie administration of its chief executive officer, who is entitled to the largest credit for building up the Lodge, but who may was the presentation by many American and English members to Julius A. Spencer, the retiring Secretary, of an elegant tea service. Mrs. O'Donnell made the presentation address, which was most feelingly responded to by the recipient. Certain facts connected with the

session, unnecessary to be spread before the public, invested this affair with much interest. The business of the evening session was of a purely routine character. It was hoped that the Lodge would be able to adjourn to-day, but, as one or two important committees had not reported, it was found necessary to adjourn until Monday.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

BRITISH PARTY POLITICS.

MR. AYRTON TO BECOME JUDGE ADVOCATE-GEN-ERAL-MR. CHILDERS TO RETIRE FROM THE

LONDON, Monday, Aug. 11, 1873. Mr. Ayrton, late Commissioner of Public Works, becomes Judge Advocate-General, an office which has been vacant for three years.

It is believed that it will not be necessary for Mr. Gladstone to be reelected to Parliament in consequence of his assumption of the Chancellorship of the Exchequer. Mr. Childers will retire altogether from the Min-

istry in October. A report that he was to succeed to the Exchequer is not correct.

THE REPUBLIC OF SPAIN.

DISTURBANCES AT MADRID-REPORTED ARRANGE-MENT FOR RESTORING THE NATIONAL AUTHORITY AT SALAMANCA-CONCENTRATION OF CARLISTS BEFORE BURGOS. MADRID, Saturday, Aug. 9, 1873.

Yesterday, while the Intransigentes of Madrid were attempting to organize a demonstration in opposi-tion to the Carlists, they were attacked by a body of citizens, who dispersed the assemblage, destroyed the red flags, and beat the bearers of the objectionable

It is announced that an arrangement for the restoration of the national authority in Salamanca has been concluded between the deputation from that city and the Government, but the conditions have not yet been made public. BARCELONA, Saturday, Aug. 9, 1873.

A force of Carlists, numbering 4,000 men, is marching on the town of Berga, 51 miles north-west of this city. BAYONNE, Saturday, Aug. 9, 1873. The Carlists are concentrating before Burgos, capital of the Spanish province of that name, preparatory to

making an attack upon the city.
MADRID, Aug. 10, 1873. The Gacela publishes the text of the Porto Rico bill. All officers refusing to take their posts in the army are to be tried by court-martial. The reorganization of the army in Catalonia is actively

going on. The Intransigentes have sent commissioners into the provinces to incite insurrection among the soldiers.

A dispatch from Barcelona reports that heavy cannonading has been heard in the direction of Berga. The Cortes has abolished the executive right of pardon. The leading idea with the Moderate Federalists in the Cortes is to convert the present provinces of Spain into

States. The special committee appointed to consider the ques tion has made a report to the Cortes approving of the motion granting authority for the legal prosecution of the insurgent Deputies. At a meeting of the Deputies belonging to the Left, it

was decided to oppose debate in the Cortes on the Con-stitution until a general amnesty is granted to the Republicans implicated in the movement for cantona independence.

Contreras, who was detained on a German man-of-war.

has been released and landed at Cartagena.

The commanders of the German naval force in Spanish waters have received fresh instructions from Berlin to prevent the surrender of the insurgent Spanish men-of-

war captured by them.

The Cartagena insurgents vainly attempted to reinforce Valencia before its surrender and to recapture Almanza and Vittoria.

On the entry of the Republican troops into Valencia the members of the Rebel Junta embarked for Cartegena. Gen. Salcedo has defeated the insurgents at Chinchilla. near Abacete, one of the revolted towns of Murcia, capturing their artillery, military chest, and 400 prisoners. The Carlist leader Cucuila, with 1,000 men, threatens an attack on Castellon de la Plana in Valencia.

BAYONNE, Aug. 10, 1873. The Carlists have surrounded Oyarzum, in the prov-

ince of Guipazcoa.

The Republican troops have retreated to Pamplena from Elizouda, leaving the Carlists in possession of Northern Navarre.

The Carlist Gen. Dorregarray with 7,000 men is at San Esteban.

MIDDLING HARVEST IN FRANCE. PARIS, Saturday, Aug. 9, 1873.

The reports of the harvest in France show that the yield generally is only middling, both as regards quality and quantity. In the South the quantity of wheat is good, but the crop is scarce, and prices have advanced. The millers are now using foreign wheat.

The American Oriental Topographical Corps

has arrived in Liverpool, en route for New-York. It is rumored that M. Dufaure is to be appointed President of the French Council of State.

An inquiry by government officers proves that no case of cholera has occurred in Paris this year. The statement that an attempt was made to

assassinate the Hospodar of Montenegro is contradicted. The cholera has entirely disappeared from Vienna. King Ludwig, of Bavaria, will visit the Vienna Exposition incognito this week.

The rumor was current in London, on Saturday night, that the steamship Great Eastern had succeeded in recovering the Atlantic cable of 1865. L'Indépendence Belge pronounces unfounded

the reports that Austria has directly or indirectly inter-fered in the negotiations with the Count de Chambord. The London Observer says the current report

that Mr. Ayrton, late Commissioner of Public Works, is to succeed Monsell, the Postmaster-General, is untrue. Mr. Frank W. Potter, United States Consul

at Marseilles, has written a letter to Le Sémaphore of that place asking for information respecting the chances of success of a steamship line from Marseilles to New-York.

THE FORT GARRY PRISONERS.

INTERVIEW OF GOV. AUSTIN AND MAYOR BRACKETT WITH THE PRESIDENT-INTERVENTION ASSURED IN FAVOR OF THE PRISONERS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] LONG BRANCH, Aug. 10.—Gov. Austin and Mayor Brackett of Minneapolis have had two interviews with the President regarding the Manitoba affair, and they left to-night for Washington, where they expect to meet Secretary Fish. The Governor explained to the President the whole case from beginning to end, dwelling at considerable length on the cruelty with which the prisoners, Hoy, Keegan, Fletcher, and Bentley, are treated by the Manitoba authorities, and explaining the condition of the public mind in Minnesota. Mayor Brackett, who had been in Manitoba several weeks and personally witnessed the indignities and cruelty, and had to flee the country to save himself from imprisonment. explained the importance of early action. Both said they were anxious to have the prisoners released either of bail or under other conditions as soon as possible, for their health was suffering greatly from the harsh treat ment they are receiving. The people of Minnesota, they said, were opposed to making the subject a diplomatic one, as it was feared that the delay which attends diplomacy might prove fatal to their friends; in other words, they feared that the proverbial slow ness and deliberation with which our State Depart ment acts would not effect the release of the prisoners before a new Canadian ministry would be formed. They also explained that no swer had been received from the Canadian authorities whatever, and that they feared that the peo authorities whatever, and that they feared that the people in Minnesota, unless something was done at once, would take the settlement of the case into their own hands. The President heard the Governor and the Mayor with attention and respect, but as usual had little to say in response. He did, however, give them to understand that unless the matter was disposed of within a reasonable time, a demand would be made on the English Government in unmistakable terms, and would be followed up with further action. He called the attention of the gentlement to the fact that no action could be taken on a verbal statement, and asked them to present the matter to him in writing; this they did yesterday, both signing the paper. The President them said that it should be submitted to the Secretary of State, and Messrs Austin and Brackett left for Washington to night, where they expect to meet Secretary Fish to morrow,

RELIGION CLOSE TO NATURE. THE SING SING CAMP MEETING.

CROWNING DAY OF THE SESSION-A LARGE THRONG

OF WORSHIPERS-THE SERVICES. Sing Sing, Aug. 10 .- The good people of this village feel it a standing grievance that its name is used to indicate the penal institution standing upon its outskirts. The grievance has an offset, however, in the fact that to thousands of Methodists in New-York City and vicinity the name calls up sacred and pleasant social associations connected with the camp meeting, which for many years has been held about a mile and a half from the river. It is one of the few spots remaining in this part of the country where the primitive simplicity of the Methodist camp meeting is preserved. Here are no ornate cottages for permanent Summer residence; no lots are sold at speculative prices; the grounds about 12 acres in all-are held by an association for camp-meeting purposes only, and the many improvements which have been made in the grounds are only such as were necessary to enhance the comfort of those who come to spend a week or ten days in social worship. There are about 280 tents now erected and 2,000 persons

grounds. To-day was the great day of the Feast of Tabernacle The seats, which hold 3,000 persons, were filled at both the morning and afternoon public services, and it was estimated that not less than 5,000 were on the ground. The most perfect order was maintained by Police Sergeant Lefferts, who had five patrolmen and Detective Bennett with him, and the scenes both in and about the grounds were as free from objectionable features as those in the neighborhing city churches.

living on the ground. The new lodging-house last night

odated about 150 guests and perhaps an equal number have rooms in hotels and cottages outside the

At 5 a. m., to-day, the services opened with a prayer-meeting at the public stand, which was followed by a love feast, at 7 a. m., led by "Sammie Halstead," the originator and leader of the praying band, which has been a feature of New-York Methodism for many years. The experiences were earnestly and rapidly given, some times three or four speaking at once in different parts of the audience. Among those present were Orville Gardner, the converted pugilist, formerly known as "Awful Gardner," and Chaplain McCabe of Libby Prison renown.

At 10 a. m. the regular morning service begun, the ser-mon being preached by the Rev. S. M. Vernon, paster of Christ Church, Pittsburgh, Pa. He took for his text II. Corinthians, iv., 6: "For God, who commanded the light to shine out of darkness, hath shined in our hearts, to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ." The preacher spoke of the manifestations of God's glory. These words set forth the fundamental truth that there comes down out of Heaven a new divine life, wrought in the heart of the believer, as the special work of the Holy Ghost. It is omething which does not spring from natural enuses; it is not explained by natural laws; it is not of the fiesh, or of the intellect of the affections or emotions. It comes directly from God, and is like Him, divine. It is the source of life and efficiency in the Christian Church. It is not dependent upon creeds or doctrines, but has shone through all the centuries of the past. The preacher spoke at length, and his words called forth loud "amens" from the congregation.

The services closed at about noon, when an hour was devoted to dinner. At 1 p. m. prayer meetings were held in many of the large prayer meeting tents, of which every church which is largely represented has one. Emanuel Church (colored), in Attorney-st., is represented by 20 or 30 members, with their Pastor, the Rev. Mr. Vietch. The meeting in their tent attracted the largest numbers, on account partly of the reputation which Sister Smith has gained as an exhorter. After a few prayers and hymns, Mrs. Smith, an intelligent looking woman of about 40, addressed the meeting. She spoke in an earnest and peculiarly winning tone in substance as follows: We must have some definite object in view. The

promise to backsliding Israel was that if they returned they should be healed. We must obey the command to receive the promise. When God says "knock," we must knock; when He says "ask," we must ask; we want entire sanctification. This is no new thing; our father believed in it, and went to the stake and the lash for the belief; but they did u't understand the nature of the work. We know that it is two separate and distinct works. Don't be afraid of it; some of you know what it is. [Cries of "Amen!" "Yes!" "Thank God!"] Decide on a definite point, and then go at it just as if you were cutting a tree down-hit it in one spot. Hit it in one spot, and after a while it will come down. Now, who wants to be sanctified t I'm not talking to any who are in a kind of half-way backslidden state You must get converted over again before you can get sanctified. [Here one person knelt down at the mourn-ers' bench.] Now I want another one who has a definite object in view. [Voice from a white man-" I want clean clothes."] Get right down there. I used to call white people white people, and colored people colored people; but the Lord taught me, when he converted my soul in old Greene-st. Church, that all were one in Christ Jesus. We have enough to begin on; let us pray for those we have. Get right down under the spout

followed by others, and the group of mourners increased while cries and groans and triumphant shouts filled the air. Near by, Pastor Hedstrom, with a party of 30 or 40 Scandinavians from the Bethel ship, were holding : prayer and experience meeting, the exercises being all

At the same hour a children's meeting was held at the public stands, attended by about 50 or 60 children ranging from tender infancy to 14 or 15. In the background was a large audience of adults. The meeting was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Gregory of Sing Sing, and a part of the exercises consisted of singing by a little blind boy, age six or seven, who was placed upon the pulpit when he sung. His voice was not better than that of most children of his age, but his unfortunate condition caused him to be listened to with great interest by his little audience. Each performance was usually introduced in some such way as this; little blind boy will tell you just how to get your sin washed away." Then the poor child would sing, "There is a fountain filled with blood," and the audience would

is a fountain filled with blood," and the audience would join in the chorus:

"The cleaning stream I see, I see,
I planged, and oh! it cleanerth me."

When the children were asked: "All of you who have been naughty, and who don't want to be naughty any more, raise your hands," every hand went up, and the little things seemed very much in carnest. A mother's meeting was held at the same hour in a large tent facing the public stand.

facing the public stand.

At 2:30 p. m. the regular afternoon service was held, the sermon being preached by the Rev. Dr. Eddy, Missionary Secretary. He took for his text, Deut., xxx. 19: "I call Heaven and earth to record this day axainst you, that I have set before you life and death, blessing sionary Secretary. He took for his text, Deut., xxx.

19: "I call Heaven and earth to record this day against you, that I have set before you life and death, blessing and cursing; therefore choose life, that both thou and thy seed may live." The preacher spoke of the freedom of choice given to man. Moses, as he was about to depart forever from the people whom he had led for forty years, read to them all the words of the law, and then admonished them that their future would be such as they should make it. As humanity elects so shall it come to pass. There are some limitations and the choice must be within human possibilities. We are affected by the cross currents of a thousand generations which center in our veins, and by which elements of charater have come into our lives which we cannot eradicate. Then there is the force of education. The wanderer of the streets, who knows nothing of the world but what he gathers from the mandate "move on"—whose eyes look out of murky darkness, whose heart throbs only with passion, can have no such freedom of choice as the child reared in the midstof intelligence and refinement. Still, the Judge of all the earth will do right; and somewhere and at some hour out of all our environments each may choose for himself the way of life. Adam chose the way of death; yet I am glad he became free. I am so fond of freedom I would rather take it than be a fettered scraph in the presence of God in Paradise.

The nature and importance of this choice, which all must make, was illustrated at length. A prayer meeting followed, led by Mr. Halstead. At 6 p. m. the police prayer meeting was held in front of the police ent, and was largely attended. All the police on duty at the camp-ground are members of the Methodist Church, and enter heartily into the spirit of the meeting. A public service at 7:30, followed by a prayer meeting which continued until 10 o'clock, closed the exercises of the day. At 10 p. m. the bell sounds, and all must leave the grounds or reture to their tents. None are allowed

close on Friday next.

THE CAMP-MEETING OF MERRICK. PEATURES OF YESTERDAY'S EXERCISES-AN ATTEND

ANCE OF 10,000.

Merrick, L. I., on the line of the South Side Railroad, was a point of great attraction yesterday, the camp-meeting, held under the auspices of the Long Island Camp-Meeting Association, being at the hight of ita interest. Thither all day long tended great crowds of people by every imaginable sort of vehicle, as well as by the trains of the South Side Road, which were The main country road from the depot to the camp-ground was almost crowded with | man, and accepted the Presidency of the Central Laberal

The rious improvised means of transportation, and the dust was almost insufferable. Those who preferred walking, however, could escape this nuisance by taking a quiet nad which has been cut through the woods, and is piea antly shaded with half-grown oaks and chestnuts, and is bordered with huckleberries and blackberries, which, grawing partially in the shade, are cool and delicious in flayor, and peculiarly refreshing in

The attendance at the ground's was so large that the audience around the preachers' stand at the regular services could not be entirely accommodated with seats, although all the extra appliances were brought into requisition, and it was a puzzle to know how all who lesired to stay over night were to be accommodated. Notwithstanding the crowd, however, the utmost good order was preserved, the rules of the ground being strictly observed, and the police officers in attendance having little to do except to admire the general good behavior. William B. Walters, President of the Association, estimated the attendance at 10,000, or almost that of the largest attendance of last year, when the counter attractions of Sea Cliff did not exist. The regular attendance of tent-occupants has been from

Yesterday's exercises were under the direction of Pre siding Elder H. F. Pease, of Brooklyn. The Rev. Mans-field French preached in the moreing on God's dealings with Nebuchadnezzar and the latter's conversion, the purpose being to show the means which God's love employs to bring about the conversion of sinners. The afternoon sermon was delivered by the Rev. George Lancing Taylor of Hempstead, his subject being the assurance given by Christ to the thief on the cross, "This day shait thou be with me in Paradise." He made this the text of a very effective discourse, resting upon it an assurance to every repentant sinner that he will pass immediately, after death, into the presence of Christ. His sermon was supplemented by a brief address by the Rev. J. W. Worter of New-Bridge, Long Island. Before the afternoon sermon there was a very interesting children's meeting, at which a number of suitable addresses were made. There were also the usual prayer-meetings morning and evening. On the preachers' stand, beside a number of well-known ministers, was the venerable Father Reynolds, the oldest Methodist preacher in the country, who has been a very regular attendant upon the services since the meeting began.

The season will close on Thursday next, and mean."

while the attendance will probably continue about as large as that of yesterday, when extra trains were run to and from Merrick to accommodate the crowds of visitors, and the arrangements for feeding the people were pretty well tested. purpose being to show the means which God's love em-

WASHINGTON.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM DENOUNCED BY AN ORGAN WASHINGTON, Aug. 10, 1873.

The Daily Chronicle this morning condemns the present system of competitive examinations for Civil service in the strongest terms, declaring that they are unequal, unjust, and a failure. It says that the execu-tion of the rules will result in lowering the standard of official ability and excellence. Examinations in many instances are conducted without any reference to the object to be attained, and direct opposition to the ordinary rules that govern and control business men in the selection of their assistants. There may be some good in the system, but as yet no evidences of it have been shown, either in its execution or in the selections made under its rules, other than that which might have resulted had there been no Civil Service examinations whatever.

THE ELECTION OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT Senator Morton, during his late brief visit to this city, gathered a large amount of information to aid him as chairman of the committee having under consideration the subject of the election of President and Vice-President of the United States. In addition to the various schemes heretofore presented as amendments to the Constitution, he has supplied himself with the views of American statesmen, from the beginning of this views of American statesmen, from the beginning of this century to the present time, and also with the writings of distinguished Englishmen. The Senator is in favor of devising a plan by which the people can vote directly for President and Vice-President, or the election of electors by districts, instead of by States. The necessity of providing a tribunal to settle disputes connected therewith will also receive proper consideration. THE CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION.

An enthusiastic friend of the American Centennial Celebration, writing to a prominent official in this city, suggests that at noon (Washington time) on the 4th of July, 1876, all the guns, the bells, locomotive and other land whistles, the trumpets, the drams, the organs, and other musical instruments, with the millions of voices in our great land, burst forth in sounds of joy and praise. He also proposes that similar demonstrations take place abroad, intimation being given of the time through the

SUPPOSED SALE OF THE VIRGINIUS.

There is only one question connected with the Vir-ginius which is considered of sufficient importance to justify examination, namely, whether that vessel was, about two years ago, sold to one of the South American republics as stated at that time. If so, the Virginius is now sailing under papers (United States) to which she has no right, and for which offense she would be liable to capture by our own authorities.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Nearly all the Texas politicians who have lately con gregated in this city have left for their own State and to attend the Republican State Convention at Dailas on the 6th inst. Opponents of Gov. Davis state that they will endeavor to consolidate on ex-Gov. Pease, who, it streams, caused by the continued drouth.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Jules Janin, the distinguished French litterateur, is seriously iii.

The American Oriental Tenegraphical Grand Research and the content of the property of the continued drouth.

they've got over that. I saw a white lady right down and new dormant Union element. Gov. Davis has been among a lot of colored people, and she got converted glory to God!—and I guess she was just as well satisfied there as if there had been white people around her.

Here Mrs. Smith led in prayer with a fervency seldom surpassed even among her enthusiastic people. She was claimed, will bring out the full strength of the old

New-York during the week ending Aug. 9: Offices estabished-Pleasantville Station, Westchester County, with George H. Wheeler, Postmaster; Rosiere Station, Jefferson County, with Lewis Branch, Postmaster. Posson County, with Lewis Branch, Postaneter Pro-masters appointed—Wm. Bryan, Covington, Wyoming County; Hugh Kelly, East Groveland, Livingstone County; Charles E. Rowe, Macedon Centre, Wayne County; Jonathan Briggs, North Rose, Wayne County; James H. Signor, Saranac, Clinton County.

The Superintendent of Assessments in the District re-

ported, yesterday, that the total valuation of the Dis trict is \$06,000,000, an increase during the past year of nearly \$8,750,000, of which seven-eighths has been added within the city limits. The Sunday Chroniele this morning shows from official figures that the improvements in progress and contemplated by the Board of Public Works will cost fully \$17,000,000, or four times the original estimate of the Board of Public Works.

Plans and specifications for the new building for the Library of Congress have been completed, and will be favorably reported at the next session of Congress and an appropriation asked for the purchase of land and for the beginning of the work. It is proposed to place the building on the square north-east of East Capitel Park, while on the south-east corner a building for the Su-preme Court and Court of Claims will ultimately be

Capt. Isaiah Hancom, chief constructor of the navy will leave on Tuesday for Boston and Portsmouth Navy-Yards. He goes to inspect the new torpedo boat building at Charlestown Navy-Yard, and to make a preliminary arrangement with Eastern ship-builders for contracts for labor for two new sloops of war, to be built by private persons of Government material, at Portamonth.

The Congregational Church in this city having been closed for some time for repairs, which have increased its seating capacity, was reopened to-day. Ex-Chaplain Gray of the Senate conducted the services. An organ costing \$12,000 will be placed in the Church before No-vember.

New fifty-cent notes are being issued as fast as they can be received from New-York and the faces printed at the Treasury. The new issue of five and ten dollar National currency notes will be ready as soon as possi-ble; the fives in about two months.

The Canandalgua has arrived at Kingston from Aspin-

wall to recruit the health of the crew. The new revenue marine steamer Oliver Wolcott has been completed at San Francisco and placed in commission for duty on the The arrangement of the Navy Department with the

the vessel, they having the privilege of repurchasing it for \$40,000. wners of the "Tigress" is, the payment of \$60,000 for The mail service ordered last week over the Metro-

ollian branch of the Baltimore Railroad will reduce the ime between this city and the South and West an hour In a recent examination for positions in the Treasury, In a recent examination to postate 23 of the 24 women who were successful candidates were school teachers, and nearly all residents of Washington. The New-York City Post-Office ordered its fourth mil-

ion of postal cards on Saturday.

POLITICAL BITTERNESS IN NEW-JERSEY.

To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: Having been a constant reader of your

valuable paper for the last twenty five years, and knowing your hatred to oppression and persecutions in every form, allow me to call attention to a case of political oppression and persecution in Jersey City. A friend of mine who has resided in the above city for the past forty-five years, and has held some offices of trust. but never of profit; one who has always been a Repub-lican of the strictest sect, and was always found at the polls from the opening to the closing of the same and one whose name was always at the disposa of the party when any duty was to be performed, became theroughly convinced in his own mind-last Pall that Horace Greeley was the best Republican running for the office of President, an-nounced his intention of supporting the great and good

Republican Club temporarily; and, as I am informed, refused to be assessed (he helding a paitry office under the City Government; for the reflection of Gen. Grant, although applied to, on two several occasions. On the 19th day of November last, the Christian gentleman who held the position of presiding officer at the Board where my friend was employed offered a resolution that on and after the 30th of November his services would no longer be required, as the Board must curtail some of its expenses. He was receiving at that time a salary of \$2,000 per annum. Now mark the economy: His place was filled, and is to the present time, by an accountant at the annual salary of \$3,000, with an assistant at at the annual salary of \$3,000, with an assistant at the rate of \$600 per annum. The Fresident stated in open meeting that he wanted the press to understand distinctly that the board had no ravit to find with my friend or with his work, but that the tax-payers called upon them for retreachment, and he, as Fresident, was bound to give it to them. Since that time my friend, who has a family, has been comparatively idle, and if a vacancy occurs in any branch of the Public Works, instead of giving a worthy and competent many like my friend a chance, they will send from Dan to Beersbeba to find some person to fill it. Last week the Commissioners appointed by the Governor to adjust the assessments which have been in litigation for the past two or three years, amounting to about \$4,000,000, were easting about for a clerk, when my friend's name was mentioned to a prominent Republican as being more conversant with that work than any other man in the city. His name was nevertheless refused, and a young lawyer who had lately settled in the city was selected to fill the position. I have somelit in vain to get any good reason for their actions; in fact, the only one they give is that my friend acted very foolishly last Fall. His needy circumstances, as I have reason to know, are nothing in the eyes of these men, and should he make application for sims from the city he would be met by these conselentious, Christian Republicans with a stere "No, you are but baying the penalty of your foolishness last Fall," which in their eyes is an unpardonable sin.

Jersey City, July 30, 1873. the rate of \$600 per annum. The President stated

James Otis has received the tax-payers' nomination for mayor of San Francisco, to run as an independent candidate.

A Washington special says that, in a letter recently received in that city, Gov. Noyes of Ohio expresses confidence of his reflection, but states that the control of the Legislature is in a good deal of doubt. A call, signed by a large number of promi-

a State Convention of soldiers of the late war, to be held in Topeks, on the 23d of September, for the purpose of memorializing Congress for an equalization of soldiers The colored citizens of Ohio will hold a Convention at Chillicothe on the 22d inst., to take into consideration their political situation, and the cause of

the dissatisfaction existing among them concerning

nent citizens in all parts of Kansas, has been issued for

their political status. The call has awakened the expec-tations of the three parties in the field, and the colored people must be amazed to find themselves the recipients of so much disinterested and wholesome advice. The Conservative journals of Virginia are n a high state of jubilation of their new ticket for State officers. The Richmond Enquirer says a month's deliberation could not have produced a more desirable result, and pronounces the ticket a "pyramid of matchless construction, a column of unsurpassed proportions, and perfect in all respects." The Whig of the same city is equally enthusiastic in its approval, and thinks the selection "heals all fends and heart-burnings, and will rally the whole white population of the State."

It is very evident that The St. Louis Republican has not that confidence in the usefulness and vivacity of its old party which is professed by its cotemporaries. It calls the Democratic party a bauble which has "become the mere plaything of its enemies," and adds: "Whenever it is about to sink out of sight they lend it a helping hand, lift it to the surface and cheer it up with words of encouragement. Whenever it seems to be making too much headway against the stream, they adroitly heave Tammany round its neck and sink it again to the requisite level. Whether it sink or swim is again to the requisite level. An array of the Tammany frauds is one of the livest parts of the party, and no amount of talk about Credit Mobilier matters and the salary-grad can create an oblivion of the thirty millions robbery which Tammany is held to be responsi-

GOVERNMENT WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT.
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 11-1 a. m.
Synopsis for the past teenty-four hours.

The pressure remains high with south-

The pressure remains high with southeasterly winds and generally clear, cool
weather from Lake Erie to Maryland and
north-easterly, over the Midddle and Eastern
States; variable winds, partly cloudy weather and high
temperature from Iowa to Michigan, and thence to Missouri and the lower Ohio Valley; light southerly and
westerly winds, low temperature and cloudy weather in
the Gulf and South Atlantic States.

In the Middle Atlantic States, high but decreasing
pressure, south-easterly winds, higher temperature, and
partly cloudy weather, with local rains in Virginia.

For the lower lakes and New-England, falling barometer, south-easterly winds, partly cloudy, warmer
weather, and occasional rain on the lower lakes.

For the upper lake region and the Northwest light,
variable winds, lower temperature, and clear weather,
and considering to Missouri and Kentucky.

For the Gulf and South Atlantic States, southwesterly winds, high temperature, and generally clear
weather. Reports are missing from the South-West and
the far North-West.

HEAVY RAIN STORM IN BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 10 .- A heavy rain storm, accompanied by vivid lightning and unusually loud and oals of thunder, occurred in this vicinity between two and three o'clock this morning. The sloop Lucy, Capt. Caristy, of Brandywine, Del., while lying at Laightst. Wharf, was struck by lightning, and her topmast and lowermast shivered. Chatsworth and Schroeder runs, in the north-western section of the city, overflowed, and the foundations of several houses in course of erection were washed away. The cellars of a large number of buildings were flooded. The stable of George Sheets was struck by lightning, and a valuable mare killed. The aggregate loss will reach several thousand dollars.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN CANADA. ORILLIA, Ontario, Aug. 10 .- A frightful accident occurred on the Midland Railroad yesterday, resulting in the death of three men and serious injury to six others. A gravel train left Orillia at 1 o'clock, and when near the Narrows Bridge the engine ran over two ows, throwing the train from the track. The flats ran into the caboose, in which the men were seated, killing James Stephens, Thomas Darby, and T. Lake. Some of those injured are not expected to recover. A number of cars were demolished, and the line was blocked for six

THE WELSH MUSICAL VICTORY. to the Editor of The Tribune

SIR: Allow me to thank you for the efficient nanner in which your foreign correspondence is conducted. The fair impartial account of the musical con test at the Crystal Palace gained the confidence of every Weishman who could understand it, and they clustered around any one who would read it to them, in the street or anywhere. They had been for days previous standing on tiptoe, from the Pacific to the Atlantic, watching the result of the contest, and when the gladsome news arrived, it was welcome indeed to them.

T. E. H. Scranton, Pa., Aug. 4, 1853.

THE NITRO-GLYCERINE CANDIDATE. to the Editor of The Tribune.

SIB: The Sing Sing convict who recently threatened to smash a can of pitro-glycerine at his side, if his keepers persisted in their attempt to remove him to Auburn prison, illustrated Ben. But er's position as to to Auburn prison, illustrated Ben. But 'er's position as to those Massachusetts 'respectables' who would retire him from the gubernatorial candiadey. He clearly intends to enact the role of Samson in the Republican stronghold, if his retirement is pressed.

Eric, Penn., Aug. 5, 1873.

B.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: We understand what you mean by the "Catholic Church." And we know as well what you mean when you speak of the Episcopal Church. We wonder that any of our Episcopal brethren should desire to be called Catholics rather than Episcopallans. When we agleak of the "Catholic Church as we often do, and kindly, we never mean the Episcopal Church, and our intelligent Episcopal Church and our intelligent Episcopal Church admiring auditors never fail to comprehend our meaning. The Catholic Church and the Bomau Church are synonymous terms, and are so regarded by the public, dictionaries to the contrary notwithstanding.

J. B. CLEAVELAND. otwithstanding. Hartford, Aug. 7, 1873.

POLICE NOTES.

John Shay, age 7, of No. 41 Little-st., Brooklyn, di into the river at the foot of Hadson'ave., resteriay, and was usued. The body has not been recovered. Sophia Brenhizer, a servant employed by Thomas

of No. 70 Surdam-st., Brooklyn, was of theft of a gold watch valued at \$100.

lleget their of a gold water valued at \$100.

William Williams of No. 29 Park-st., during a warret with his wife, Margaret Williams, resteriar, smocked her down ad kicked her in the stomech, infletting severe injuries.

James Grant, age 25, of Seigel and Moserole-sts., fronchris, was drowned at the foot of South Fourish-st., Brooklyn, E. D., chille bathing yesterday afternaon. His body was not recovered. Wilson & Bohanan's wire works, at Broadway and halbave, Brooklyn, were entered by theres and robbad in of copper, a lew days ago. The thieves have not been a

Morris Nooran, a laborer; age 35, accidently fellown a fight of steps as his residence, No. 332 Van Brunt-et. Browlien, and was dageronally support. Frederick Marin, a carpanier are 53; di, on Saluriay from a ladder while working on a naw building at laborat, and for seventhers. Readly and as a laborat lateral. Bradley Morgan, aged 37, living on the barge W. J. Wilton, of Pier 35, North River, in a quarrel with Robert Hilker on board the barge, restorday, was stabbed in the back and severeiv

wounded.... Harry Clemens, of No. 243 Deta versal, during a quarret with Augustus Wosch yesterday, fired one shot from a ravolver. The bul-let-entered Wosch's right side, indicting a slight a wind. Clemens was

Charles Asgis, age 14, of No. 455 Greenwich-st., was

A FOUR THOUSAND DOLLAR GIFT TO THE LAMOREAE

A FOUR THOUSAND DOLLAR GIFT TO THE LAMOSSAE.

RAILMOND—On Tuesdies of last week, Chancey and Harrison Wather of
Cambridge paid over to the directions of the Vermont Birdsion, Porfland
and Oudenstoning Railmond, \$84,000 as a free lift. Some five years ago,
when this railroad project was first mangurated, those meas and to fore
directors that when satisfied that the enterprise was to be a necess, they
would give the company \$2,000 cach, and "meals they came forward
and table good their verbal premise. Those Warms brothers are
amount the largest and boat farmers in the valler, and are careful, one
serval're hundress, men. There show by their acts that, they have
conficuent in the enterprise, and it is admitted on all hands that they are
good judges in matters like this.—[St. Johnsbury Calssionian.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

HAVANA WERKLY MARKET

HAVANA WESKLY MARKET

BAVANA, Aug. 9 —Sugar; demand fair and market firm; Molasses Sugar; demand fair and market firm; Molasses Sugar; Valley Frede, Muscavado Sugar, inferior to common, 814

2884, reals: Fair to Good. Resulting. 9 29% reals. Molasses nominal. Sugar at Havana and Mahanass—Socka 1007 norms, and 1,050 higher properties during the mess, 2,5000 norms, and 2,190 bless, including capacited during the mess, 2,5000 norms, and 2,190 bless, including capacited during the mess, 2,5000 norms, and 2,190 bless, including 1,5000 per common series of the series of the 1,000 norms, and 1,050 higher properties of the series of the 1,500 norms, and 1,000 higher and 1,000 per common series of the series of the 1,500 norms. Hongs of the 1,500 per common series of the 1,500 norms of the 1,500 norms. Hongs of the 1,500 norms of the 1,500 norms of the 1,500 norms of the 1,500 norms. Hongs of the 1,500 norms of the 1,500

PRINTING CLOTHS MARKET. Provinces, Aug. 10.—Print Cloths quiet and firm; exict of the reck 85.500 pieces at 6 be for Exten 642; 6 be for Common, and 6c. or Seconds and Rejected.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

F20M 51VRRPOGL—Ta steamahip Telific, Aug. 10.—Capi. Leslie, wife, Masiler Fletcher, Master Lunar, Master J. B. Lunay, Mrs. Oct. Jones, infest, and nurse, Master F. C. Dale, C. H. Proderes, Mrs. M. L. Whiting and two daughtens, Mrs. P. P. Sandford, Mase Little S. Brown, Mrs. P. Tregent, Mr. Brocks, C. C. Allen, A. I. Short, S. Wood, John MacConnell, M. B. Gibbert, Mrs. Ruma De Wolf, Mrs. Agnes Collins, Mrs. Hunriedla, J. Anver, Soia, Farrell, C. B. Allen, G. G. Forwood, J. C. Blomfeld, Gen. Nell Mr. Dewing, M. Holmen, J. A. Caserfer, H. Walker, J. W. Bord, J. G. Bohrets, Goerge W. King, wife and two daughters, P. D. Moore, J. M. Williams, Mrs. J. M. Williams and fetend Mass Mary Ralle and two serrants, Nason M. Hill and wife, C. L. Colle, wife, two children, and servant, S. B. Falconer, Dr. Malcolin MacLeon, C. Cavell, Mr. Evane, A. B. Ranvon, C. Lieczfeldl, Rev. Peyton Harrison and wife and con, Miss Kate Tarl, Jos. Harray, Mr. Gibes and wife, Rev. W. F. Stevensone H. G. Prisser, A. Kelley and wife. FROM LONDON—The atemskip Demanwit, Aug. 10.—Mrs. Marcha Scott, Mrs. Ruma Dirkon and infant, Mrs. Louina Bontwood and son, Miss Emma Dorrington, Miss Marna Pirfe, E. H. Lowis, Mr. and Mrs. John Perriess, Sig. Guigheimig Gnews and wife. Nrs. Anna Schwitzers and son, Miss Emma Dorrington, wife and three children, Hars Edizatelle Payse. Capi. Hamila, wife and those children, Henry Matthew Mrs. Henrietta Behr, James Lee Richt Renington, Adolphs Geiger, Miss M. Sollau, Robt. Obelia, Mass Louis, Obelia, Guo. Vannier, Miss Amelie Valentine.

LATEST SHIP NEWS.

|For other Ship News see Third Page.

ARRIVED.

ARRIVED.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Denmark (Be.), Summer, Loudon July 23, and Havre 27th, with make, and mass, to F. W. J. Harst.

Steamship Celtie (Br.), Thompson, Liverpool July 31, and Queensows Aug. 1, with make, and pass, to J. Hyde Sparks.

Steamship Louins (Sp.), Garda, Havana S. days, in ballast to master.

ame to this port for repairs.
Steamsnip Albemaric, Stark, Bermuda 4 days, with make, and pass Game to this port for repairs.

Steamship Albemaric, Stark, Berminda 4 days, with miles, and pass, to Lunt Bross.

Steamship City of Houston, Deering, Galveston Aug. 3, and Key West 6th, with mides, and pass, to C. H. Maillory & Co.

Steamship Regulator, Freeman, Philadelphus, with mises, and pass, to Lorillard Steamship Co.

Steamship K. U. Knight, Johnson, Washington and Alexandris, with mise, and pass, to J. C. Knyron.

Steamship Magnella, Choesemship, Savannah Aug. 7, with mides, and pass, to Win. R. Garrigon.

Steamship Samara (Br.), Billinge, Liverpool July 29, and Queenstown 30th, with mides, and pass, to thas, G. Franckira.

Steamship Wyoming (Br.), Frice, Liverpool July 23, and Queenstown 24th, with mides, and pass, to William & Guison.

Ship Republic (of Yarmouth, N. S.), Mosher, Hamburg 46 days, with mides.

Ship Athenias (of St. John, N. B.), Baker, Leghern June 10, with

Ship Jacob A. Stamler, Samson, Havre Juse 10, with mise.
Bark Seat Dulrovani (Anat.), Gogga, Leith 62 dars, with coal.
Brig Ambroso Light (of Boston), Higgins, Triad at Caha 17 days,
rith molasses.
Ref. 110: rith molasses

Rig Lillesand (Nor.), Anderson, London 50 days, in ballast.

Bark Kragero (Nor.), Larsen, Londonderry 45 days, in ballast.

Bark Contente (Aust.), Hreglich, Fall River, in ballast.

Schr. Innts (of Calsies, Smith, Poir Calsidonia, C. B., 14 days, with.

Sehr. Liesta (of Calaisi). Smith, Pors. Caindonia, C. B., 14 days, only.
Bark Gaintia (Gr.), Piagestadt, St. Marsick S. J. days, in balliad.
Brig Neporaet (of Beston); Stout, Messina 68 days, with fruit.
20.0003X838—21VRR AXD COASTWEEN.
A.J. Williams. Stanford.
A. S. Brown, Bridgeport.
E. J. Barnor, Providence.
E. J. Barnor, Providence.
J. M. Kissam Newport.
Pioneer, Boston.
Gelden Rule. Norwalk.
S. S. Scandon, Portland.
Contario, Providence.
Gelden Rule. Norwalk.
S. S. Scandon, Portland.
Cont.
Clebrard Lindsler. New Haven.
Willie Martin, Portland.
Untel John Portland.

natural Lindsley, New Hart Willie Martin, Portland, Quickstep, Rockport, Mass. Eliza, Bridgeport, J. P. Ames, Salem, Alert, Brookharen, Hare, Hartford, Union, C. J. Cronne Grant, Salom.
Lohn, Calais.
Storm Petrel, Salom.
Gro. B. Vroenaud (now). New Haren.
B. H. King, Pall River.
Geo. W. Camesons. Somoraet.

R. H. King, Pall River.
Goo. W. Chamman. Sonarest.
Wm. Gray, New Lemidon.
J. P. Rain. Taunton.
Henry Lee. Cataia.
S. S. Bockingham, Partland, Conc.
J. H. Borlen, Pall River.
Warren Gates, Rockport.
Geo. Gillum, Portland.
Ripple, Nantucket.
J. H. Burgent, Pravidence.
Agues, Baker's Landing.
Brand, Pall River.
And Amelia, New-Harren.
Frances Barrit, Pravidence.
Frances Barrit, Pravidence.
E. F. Cabada. Fall River.

having returned from the country, will be at his office, 19 Coor tute, to administer the gas to all who desire teeth saturated with Our present scroll number of patients is 67.298.

True and False Science, a Speech at the Trutall Sanquet, by

BLTDENBURGH .-- At Smithtown, Aug. 9. Richard Blydoulough, in BLTDENBURGH—At Smithtown, Aug. 9, Recard any supersonal the 76th year of his age re-respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further unvitation on Monlay, Aug. 11, at help past 2 n. m. from the Presbyterian Church, at Smithtown Branch. Long island Railrost trains for Smithtown leave James slip at 9:30 a. m. and Hunters Point at 10 n. m.

BOSWORTH—On Sundar, 10 h inst, at her residence, Seventy-seventh-st, between Lexington and Fourth-ares, Almira Graham, sidow of Stephen Bosworth.

Notice of (queral hereafter,

CORNELL-At Summit, N. J., Aug. 9, Smile V. R. Cornell daughter of Richard M. and Margaret B. Cornell, aged G mouths and G weeks. Remains taken to Porth Amboy for intermeds. COWDIN-On Sunday, Aug. 19, at 128 State-at., Brooklyn, Thomas W. Cowdin, in the 57th year of his age.

Notice of funeral intreafter. COWDREY-At New-Rochelle, Aug. S. 1873. Francis Percy, competition of William L. and Hannah M. Gewirer, aged 2 years and 7

months.
The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, on Monday, the 11th inst. at 5 o'clock p. m., Trains by the New-Haven Radical leave New-York at 3:55 p. m.; returning, leave New-Rochelle DODD—At Newark, N. J., on Saturday, Aug. 9. William Dodd, aged 50 years and 9 months.

years and 9 months. His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 196 Clinton-ave., Newars, on Tuesday, Aug. 12, at 10 o'clock a. m. HATFIELD—At Newburgh, Friday, Aug. 8, Amos F. Hatfield, of plears-pneumonia, ared 69.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to effect the foneral, at his late residence, 125 West Fifty-third-st., Tuceday after-neous at 2 o'clock.

KING-At Jamaics, Long Island, in the 83d year of her age, Mary, widow of John A. King, and daughter of the late Cornelius Ray, Funeral services at Grace Church, Jamaica, on Monday, the 11th inst., at 4 p. m.

at 4 p. m.

LESTER—At his residence in New-Rochelle, on Friday evening, 84h
10st., Joseph W. Lester, in the 51st year of his sace.
10st., Joseph W. Lester, in the 51st year of his sace.
10st., The State of the Sta tives will please go direct to the house from the trains.

MOORE-On the 8th last, Hannah M. Moore, in the 85th year of

her age, meral from her late residence, at Rahway, N. J., on Second day, the ineral from her late residence, at Rahway, N. J., on Second day, the inertial from the late of th

attend.

MUSRAT—In Williamsburgh, on Pridas, August S, 1873, in the 74th
year of his age, Suphen S. Murray.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully savited to attend the
inneral, from his late residence, 490 Humbeldt-st. Brooklyn, E. D.,
on Nondry, August 11, at 2 p. m.

Michigan and Newark papers please copy.

Michigan and Newark papers please copy.

PHORBUS—At Montolair, N. J., on Saturday crening, 9th inst., Elisa A. wife of the late Frank T. Phoebus.

Relatives and iriends of the family are invited to attend, the ioneral, on Wednesday morning at 12 orders, from the residence of Mr. James Arnold, Montolair. Carriages will meet the 10:40 train from the Barcley-at Ferry. Interneut is Greeniesood.

STRALE—At Woodbridge, N. J., on Saturday, Ang. 9, Mrs. Maria II. Strale. formerly of Brooklyn, is the 75th year of her ago.

The relatives and freedom of the family are respectfully lavined to attende the fances without further notice, on Monday, Ang. 11, from the house of her daughter. Mrs. R. D. Sollice, at Woodbridge, N. J., is the arrival of the train leaving Pennsylvania Railroad lepois, Good Cortlandt and Berbinsonsessata, N. J., at 2520 or clock p. m., where the finges will be in waiting.

TOWNSEND—At the Hofman House, on Sandar evening Aug. 10.

TOWNSEND-At the Hofman House, on Sanday evening, Aug. 10, 1873, George Townsend, agol 50 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Special Notices und and Hearing. Voice and Speech. The Expla-on of Musical Harmony, with Wastration. Three lectures of Kisherg, in TRIBUNE LECTURE EXTRA No. 5.

Tribune Lecture Extra No. S. THE METHOD OF CREATION

AN BARNEST PROTEST AGAINST THE DARWINIAN THEORY. Twolve Leatures delivered by Prof. AGASSIZ before the Museum of Comparative Zodiogr, at Cambridge, Mass, containing a rast amount of new and recondite information conserving Animal Life, printed on a full Tribune about of night pages, and illustrated with unpercous engravings.

TRIBUNE LECTURE EXTRA NO. BIGHT. TRIBUNE LECTURE KITCH AND ADDRESS FROM THE TRIBUNE AND ADDRESS FROM THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS FOR THE TRIBUNE, New York.

Nine Extra Sheets, containing over 50 Lectures and 130 Engravings

and Credit Mobilier Remark for Sel same